



POSTAL BULLETIN

Instructions and Information For Postal Employees
Published Weekly



LXXXIII

Washington 25, D.C., Thursday, November 15, 1962—Seven Pages

20336

All Postal Installations

New Stamps and Postal Stationery to Meet Increase in Postage Rates

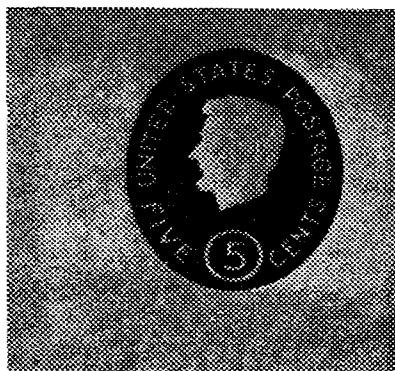
The Department will issue the following items to meet the increases in postage rates which become effective January 7, 1963. For the convenience of patrons who wish to purchase them prior to that date, the stamps, postal cards, and envelope described herein will be available at other post offices, after the first-day sales, as fast as manufacturing and distribution facilities permit.

5-Cent Stamped Envelope and 4-Cent Precanceled Postal Cards

(Single and Reply-Paid Cards)

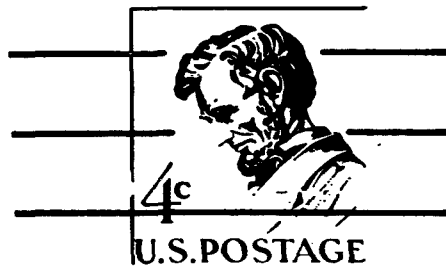
A new embossed 5-cent Lincoln stamped envelope and a 4-cent Lincoln precanceled postal card—single and reply-paid (double)—will be issued through the Springfield, Ill., post office on November 19, 1962.

POSTMASTERS SHALL NOT PLACE THE 5¢ ENVELOPE AND THE 4¢ PRECANCELED POSTAL CARDS ON SALE BEFORE NOVEMBER 20, 1962



Background of stamp is deep blue with embossed portrait and lettering in white.

113627°—62



Light purple stamp and bars on white stock. Design based on photograph of statue by Daniel Chester French.

Collectors desiring first-day cancellations of the 5-cent envelope, standard 6¾ size, and the 4-cent precanceled postal cards, may submit orders to the Postmaster, Springfield, Ill., plainly indicating the full name and address, with remittance to cover the cost, which is 6-cents each for the envelope, 4-cents each for the single postal card, and 8-cents each for the double reply cards. Addressed gummed labels may be submitted to be affixed to the envelopes and postal cards, if desired. The outside envelope to the postmaster should be endorsed "First Day Covers 5¢ Envelope and 4¢ Postal Cards."

5-Cent George Washington Regular Stamp in Sheet, Coil and Booklet Form

The 5-cent Washington stamp (regular series) in sheet, coil, and booklet form, will be issued through the New York, N.Y., post office, on November 23, 1962.

POSTMASTERS SHALL NOT PLACE THESE STAMPS ON SALE BEFORE NOVEMBER 24, 1962



Size: 0.75" x 0.87" (Vertical)
Unlimited printing (Cottrell presses)
Color: Blue
Design is based on a bust sculptured in 1785 by Jean Houdon.

The sheet stamp will be issued in panes of 100. The booklets consisting of four panes of five stamps each, interleaved with silicone treated paper, will sell for \$1.00 each. The coils will be issued in rolls of 100, 500, and 3,000, and will sell at face value. Since the stamp is vertical, the perforations will appear to the left and right of the design on the coils.

To obtain first-day cancellations, collectors may submit requests to the Postmaster, New York 1, N.Y. See section 145.3 Postal Manual for procedure covering sheet stamp.

Booklet Panes—covers will be serviced with full panes of 5 stamps only, requiring a remittance of 25¢ for each cover submitted. Envelopes should be addressed low and as far to the left as possible.

Coil Stamps—it is recommended that no more than two coil stamps be requested for affixment to each cover to obtain a satisfactory cancellation.

Selected mint stamps in sheet and coil form will be available at the Philatelic Sales Agency, Post Office Department, Washington 25, D.C., on and after November 24, 1962.

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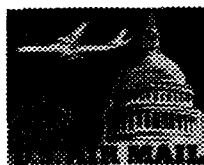
New Stamps and Postal Stationery to Meet Increase in Postage Rates

(Continued from p. 1)

8-Cent Airmail Stamp in Sheet, Coil and Booklet Form

The new 8-cent Airmail stamp in sheet, coil, and booklet form, will be first placed on sale at Washington, D.C., on December 5, 1962.

POSTMASTERS SHALL NOT PLACE THESE STAMPS ON SALE BEFORE DECEMBER 6, 1962



Size: 0.75" x 0.87" (horizontal)
Unlimited printing (Cottrell presses)
Color: Red

The sheet stamp will be issued in panes of 100. The booklets will consist of five panes of five stamps each, interleaved with silicone treated paper, and will sell for \$2.00 each. The coil stamps will be issued in rolls of 500 and 3,000 and will sell at face value. Since the 8-cent airmail stamp is horizontal, the perforations will appear at the top and bottom of the design on the coils.

To obtain first-day cancellations, collectors may submit requests to the Postmaster, Washington 13, D.C. See section 145.3 Postal Manual for procedure covering sheet stamp.

Booklet Panes—covers will be serviced with *full booklet panes of 5 stamps only*, requiring a remittance of 40¢ for each cover submitted.

Coil Stamps—it is recommended that no more than two coil stamps be requested for affixment to each cover to obtain a satisfactory cancellation.

Selected mint stamps in sheet and coil form will be available at the Philatelic Sales Agency, Post Office Department, Washington 25, D.C., on and after December 5, 1962.

Requisitions

5-Cent Lincoln Stamped Envelope

Instructions for the placing of postmasters' requisitions for this item, together with the price list covering other stamped envelopes required to meet the new postage rates appear elsewhere in this bulletin.

4-Cent Precanceled Postal Cards

Postmasters requiring postal cards (both No. 8 single and No. 6 double) in truckload lots shall submit their requisitions to the Procurement Division, Bureau of Facilities, Post Office Department, Washington 25, D.C., in accordance with section 424.4, Postal Manual.

Postmasters requiring postal cards in less than truckload lots shall submit a separate Form 17, *Stamp Requisition*, to their RDPO.

The airmail postal card will be announced at a later date.

Current stocks of No. 11 4¢ single and No. 12 8¢ double cards may be used in their present form for mailings to Canada and Mexico. These may also be used for international mail after first affixing 3-cent adhesive postage stamps.

5-Cent Washington and 8-Cent Airmail Stamps in Sheets, Coils, and Booklets

Postmasters shall requisition stock in accordance with the following chart:

Denomination	Item No.	Requisition bulk quantities (listed below) on Form 3356, from Tabulating Machine Unit, Office of the Controller, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Washington 25, D.C.	Requisition less than bulk quantities on Form 17, from regional distributing post offices. Use a separate requisition for each item.
5¢ Washington sheets 100	035	10,000, 20,000, 30,000, 40,000, 50,000, 100,000, 150,000, 200,000, 250,000 and multiples of 250,000 to maximum of 10,000,000	7,000 stamps or less
8¢ Airmail sheets 100	169		
5¢ books of 20	635	300, 600, 900, 1,200, 1,500, 3,000, 4,500 and multiples of 4,500 books to maximum of 135,000	200 books or less
5¢ coils of 100	735	100, 200, 300, 400, 800 and multiples of 800 coils to maximum of 24,000	60 coils or less
5¢ coils of 500	736	50, 100, 150, 200, 400 and multiples of 400 coils to maximum of 4,800	30 coils or less
8¢ coils of 500 (airmail)	169		
5¢ coils of 3,000	738	8, 16, 24, 32, 64 and multiples of 64 coils to maximum of 768	5 coils or less
8¢ coils of 3,000 (airmail)	770		
8¢ Airmail books of 25	669	240, 480, 720, 960, 1,200, 2,400, 3,600 and multiples of 3,600 books to maximum of 108,000	150 books or less

All postmasters are urged to have an adequate supply of 1-cent ordinary postage stamps (sheets and coils) on hand for patrons' use in revaluing their stamped envelopes and postal cards and to be used in combination with other adhesive stamps to meet the new postage rates.

First- and second-class post offices

may requisition bulk quantities of 1-cent ordinary stamps from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing in the usual manner. Offices requiring less than bulk quantities may requisition 1-cent stamps from their RDPO's on Form 17, *Stamp Requisition*.—Office of the Special Assistant to the Postmaster General, 11-15-62.

All Post Offices

New Prices on Plain and Printed Stamped Envelopes to Meet Increase in Postage Rates [Effective January 7, 1963]

Orders for the new denomination plain and printed stamped envelopes may be submitted at once. The prices as shown in the charts below are effective November 16. Selling prices of current issues of plain stamped envelopes remain unchanged through December 31, 1962.

Plain Stamped Envelopes

Kind	Size No.	Denomination	Item No.						Less than 50 (cents each)
				1,000	500	250	100	50	
Regular-----	6¼	5	651	\$56.40	\$28.10 ²⁰	\$14.10	\$5.64	\$2.82	6
	10	5	151	57.60	28.80	14.40	5.76	2.88	6
Window-----	6¼	5	652	57.20	28.60	14.30	5.72	2.86	-----
	9	5	952	58.40	29.20	14.60	5.84	2.92	-----
	10	5	152	58.80	29.40	14.70	5.88	2.94	-----
Airmail-----	6¼	8	684	86.80	43.40	21.70	8.68	4.34	9
	10	8	184	88.00	44.00	22.00	8.80	4.40	9

Printed Stamped Envelopes

Kind	Size No.	Denomination	Item No.	Prices	
				500	1,000
Regular-----	6¼	3	631	\$19.45	\$38.90
	6¼	4	641	24.45	48.90
	6¼	5	651	29.45	58.90
	10	3	131	20.05	40.10
	10	4	141	25.05	50.10
	10	5	151	30.05	60.10
Window-----	6¼	3	632	19.85	39.70
	6¼	4	642	24.85	49.70
	6¼	5	652	29.85	59.70
	9	3	932	20.45	40.90
	9	4	942	25.45	50.90
	9	5	952	30.45	60.90
	10	3	132	20.65	41.30
	10	4	142	25.65	51.30
	10	5	152	30.65	61.30
Precanceled-----	6¼	1¼¢	613	10.70	21.40
	6¼	2½¢	623	16.95	33.90
	10	1¼¢	113	11.30	22.60
	10	2½¢	123	17.55	35.10
Airmail-----	6¼	7	674	39.65	79.30
	6¼	8	684	44.65	89.30
	10	7	174	40.25	80.50
	10	8	184	45.25	90.50

Precanceled envelopes will not be issued in the 2½¢ denomination for the minimum charge on bulk mailing effective January 7, 1963.—Bureau of Facilities, 11-15-62.

Postmasters, 1st- and 2d-Class Offices and Regional Offices

Overtime and Compensatory Time

It has been brought to our attention that in some instances employees have been required to report for duty on Saturdays and Sundays with promise of overtime pay for such service.

Field officials are reminded that there is no provision of law whereby regular employees may be paid overtime for the first 8 hours' service performed on Saturday or Sunday, except during the month of December.

If the exigencies of the service require regular employees to report for duty on Saturday or Sunday, they must be granted compensatory time for such service. Compensatory time and overtime for service performed on Saturday or Sunday during the month of December shall be granted in accordance with instructions in section IV, B and C, page 12 of the POSTAL BULLETIN dated September 12, 1962, "Operation Christmas—1962."

So that there may be no further misunderstanding in this regard, it is desired that all postal officials concerned also familiarize themselves with the regulations governing the granting of compensatory time and payment of overtime as set forth in Part 755 of the Postal Manual.—Bureau of Personnel, 11-15-62.

All Postal Installations

Operation Christmas—1962

Special Issue No. 20325 of September 12, 1962, is amended at page 38, paragraph I titled "Paydays for Christmas Temporary Help," to read as follows:

"Paydays for Christmas temporary employees will be on the Saturdays following the established Friday paydays of all other postal employees, except for pay period 26 when the Christmas employee payday may be on or before Monday, December 31. (See page 37, paragraph E.1. for dates to be included in pay period 26.)"—Bureau of Finance, 11-15-62.

*All Post Offices***Manpower Control and Utilization Program**

At the time the President signed into law the Pay Reform and Postage Rate Bill, PL 87-793, he ordered agency heads to give personal attention to an overall review of their manpower control program. Also, he directed the Bureau of the Budget and the Civil Service Commission to initiate a systematic program of manpower inspections and reviews, and to report to him on their findings.

The Post Office Management and Service Improvement Program has already revealed several areas where improvements in mail handling operations and administrative management techniques will result in increased efficiency and reduced personnel needs.

Departmental review of Forms 1832 and organization charts submitted by 1st-class offices has disclosed many instances of cumbersome organizational structures, improper scheduling, overlapping and duplication of functions, and other factors which indicate that overstaffing may be prevalent in many of these offices.

The Post Office Department is committed to a policy of minimum staffing of each postal installation consistent with service needs, maximum utilization of manpower at all levels, improved employee management relations, and overall service improvement at minimum additional cost. To effectively carry out this policy, and to comply with directives from the President, the following general procedures shall be observed by all levels of management in field installations:

1. Postmasters, particularly at 1st-class post offices, shall immediately review the organization and staffing of their offices with a view to eliminating duplication and overlapping of functions, and insure that the assignment and scheduling of employees are designed to meet the essential needs of the service.

2. Postmasters at all post offices, and heads of other field installations, are personally responsible for any overstaffing which may exist in their installations. They shall immediately review all vacancies now existing in their authorized complements to determine whether the jobs represented

*All Post Offices***Unlawful Order Against Party Novelties**

The Department has received information that despite the provisions of this order mail is being dispatched to Party Novelties, P.O. Box 385, Snowdon Station, Montreal, Quebec, Canada. All postal personnel handling mail for dispatch to Montreal, Quebec, Canada, should be requested to fully enforce this order.—*Office of the General Counsel, 11-15-62.*

by these vacancies are necessary for the efficient operation of their installation. Wherever it is found that the filling of any vacancy is unnecessary, the Regional Director shall be so notified and action shall be taken to reduce the career complement.

3. In the past, far too many postmasters have automatically filled vacancies as they occurred without first reevaluating the real need for continuance of the positions. Hereafter, they shall carefully review each vacancy occurring in the authorized complement with a view to eliminating any position which does not make a substantial contribution to the overall efficiency of the office.

4. Future increases in authorized career and/or temporary complements will be limited to the minimum number of positions needed to avoid any curtailment of service or extreme hardship on the present work force.

5. To assist postmasters in reducing or holding the line on the number of employees needed to operate their office efficiently, the 40-44-hour work week for substitute employees is hereby relaxed to permit employment of substitutes up to but not exceeding 96 hours per pay period.

6. To provide further flexibility, if the expanded work week for substitute employees does not fully fulfill the requirements, a limited amount of overtime for regular employees may be used if approved by the Regional Director.

It is the responsibility of all levels of management to search out and eliminate unnecessary jobs and improve productivity in all areas. To this end the wholehearted cooperation of both management and employees is solicited.—*Bureau of Operations, 11-15-62.*

*All Installations Having Employees Eligible for Window Clerk Uniform Allowance***Uniforms for Window Clerks**

The following information is in response to many inquiries on the prescribed uniform for window service personnel:

1. *"Package deals."* It is entirely permissible to arrange for a single or "package deal" purchase from a vendor for the entire variety of authorized garments. Employees and vendors, however, are cautioned regarding the quality of the shirting material used. In the anxiety to make a sale or to obtain what appears to be the best possible purchase a large quantity of shirts are often included in the "package deal." Unfortunately quality has often given way to quantity and many employees have found that they have purchased substandard quality shirts. The purpose of not specifying a "uniform type" shirt but to permit the purchase of an ordinary good quality "business type" shirt was to allow employees as much freedom of choice and personal preference as possible. It is short-sighted to buy a package deal of a large number of poor quality shirts that are deceptively cheap, quickly wear out, and need replacement at the employee's expense.

Employees are cautioned against "bargains" in "package deals." It is to each employee's interest, as well as his responsibility, to shop wisely and carefully select good quality merchandise.

The best quality fabric for wash-and-wear shirts consists of 65 percent dacron and 35 percent cotton.

2. *Emblems on Shirts.* Long sleeve business type shirts require no emblem because they may not be worn without the jacket.

In regard to women's blouses; since all blouses have short sleeves, it is left to the employees discretion to purchase a sufficient quantity of blouses with or without the emblem.

3. *Eligibility Requirement.* As expressed in POSTAL BULLETIN of September 13, 1962, to be eligible an employee must serve the public at a window at least 4 hours a day, 5 days a week. The 4 hours served need not be continuous. Where com-

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Uniforms for Window Clerks

(Continued from p. 4)

bination distribution and window duties are accomplished within the reach of the window, the postmaster must decide whether the basic purpose of the employee's assignment is window service or mails distributions. This is a decision for the postmaster to make.

Each employee who meets the eligibility requirement must purchase and wear the prescribed uniform. This is not optional with the employee. Eligible employees who are not properly attired will be reported as an "irregularity" during inspections.

4. *Effective Date.* POSTAL BULLETIN of September 13, 1962, stated that by November 15, 1962, each eligible employee was to be attired in the prescribed uniform. We have learned that many manufacturers will not be able to make deliveries by that date. Accordingly, the effective date for wear is now moved to December 15. However, in order to preclude any laxity on the part of personnel to place their orders, postmasters must assure that all eligible employees have a committed order dated not later than November 15, 1962. We will continue to press manufacturers to make shipments on the earliest time possible and by all means by December 15, 1962.—*Bureau of Personnel, 11-15-62.*

All Post Offices

Reprints of New Postage Rates and Fees

Reprints of the notice published in the POSTAL BULLETIN of October 18, 1962, captioned *New Postage Rates and Fees* are being printed and will be stocked in area supply centers.

Postmasters may requisition reasonable quantities of these reprints for use in post offices as well as for distribution to those local mailers who need detailed rate and fee information. Use Form 4750, *Special Requisition for Supplies*. Requisitions will be filled as soon as stocks are received.—*Bureau of Operations, 11-15-62.*

All Postal Employees

Retirement Features of the "Postal Service and Federal Salary Act of 1962"

The Government has always been a leader in making financial provision for its retired employees and has had liberal annuities and survivor benefit programs for many years. The "Postal Service and Federal Salary Act of 1962" increases these benefits even more. Effective October 11, 1962, the survivor benefits have been liberalized. Effective January 1, 1963, the retirement annuities will be increased by 5 percent for present annuitants or those who retire prior to January 1.

The liberalized retirement benefits described below are available to employees who may wish to take advantage of these new benefits, and give serious consideration to retiring within the immediate future.

1. *Increased Annuities*

The Law increases by 5 percent, effective January 1, 1963, all annuities payable from the retirement fund with commencing dates of January 1, 1963, or earlier. The initial increase extends on a descending percentage basis also to all annuities which commence in the 4-year period after January 1, 1963, in accordance with the following schedule:

<i>Annuities commencing between—</i>	<i>Are increased from commencing date by—</i>
January 2 and December 31, 1963	4%
January 1 and December 31, 1964	3%
January 1 and December 31, 1965	2%
January 1 and December 31, 1966	1%

Special provision is made for passing on the initial percentage increase by a retiree to his survivor later granted an annuity. Survivors of retirees who receive a percentage increase effective January 1, 1963, or under the above schedule, will be entitled to the same percentage increase granted the retiree, effective from the commencing date of survivor annuity.

Annuity amounts purchased at retirement by voluntary contributions are excluded from the described increases.

2. *Cost-of-Living Adjustments*

A permanent automatic cost-of-living adjustment plan for the future

has been installed. The Civil Service Commission will determine annually, after January 1, 1964, and each succeeding January 1, the percentage change in the consumer price index from 1962 (calendar year average) or from the year before the most recent annuity increase under the cost-of-living plan, to the latest complete year. Based on such determination, an annuity increase will be allowable effective April 1 of any year (not earlier than April 1, 1964) if the percentage change in the price index has equaled a rise of at least 3 percent. All annuities then payable which commenced earlier than January 2 of the preceding year will be increased April 1 by the percent of rise in the consumer price index, adjusted to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent.

3. *Survivor Annuity Election*

Effective October 11, 1962, the retirement law automatically grants the married retiring person reduced annuity with benefit to spouse (using the entire annuity for survivor base unless a smaller amount is designated); unless at time of retirement the employee elects in writing to receive single life annuity. The reduction in annuity to support survivor annuity to named spouse is lowered. The lowered reduction is 2½ percent of any amount up to \$3,600 specified as the base for the survivor benefit, plus 10 percent of any amount over \$3,600 so specified.

These changes apply *only* to persons in service subject to the Retirement Act on or after October 11, 1962, and whose annuities commence October 12, 1962, or later.

Effective October 11, 1962, the survivor's portion of earned annuity or designated base is raised from 50 to 55 percent affecting the following:

- (1) Automatic annuities payable to widow or dependent widower based on death in service on or after October 11, 1962.
- (2) Designated spouse or insurable interest survivor in the case of any retiree in service subject to the Retirement Act on or after October 11, 1962, whose annuity commences October 12, 1962, or later.

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"Postal Service and Federal Salary Act of 1962"

(Continued from p. 4)

The law provides that the annuity of a child can continue up to age 21 as long as he qualifies as a student regularly pursuing a full-time course of study. This applies to: (1) Children of employees and annuitants who die on or after October 11, 1962; (2) children currently on the annuity roll; (3) children previously granted annuity which was sched-

uled for termination September 30, 1962, because of attainment of age 18 and whose 18th birthdays occur on or after October 11, 1962.

4. Increased Tax Benefits for Retirees

The tax credit for retirees receiving civil service annuities has been increased from \$1,200 to \$1,524. This will reduce the income tax of retirees by approximately \$65 per year. This tax credit is in addition to all regular tax exemptions.—*Bureau of Personnel, 11-15-62.*

country are not returning the empty foreign mail sacks.

Postal employees shall inform patrons at time of delivery of direct sack shipments that the sacks are to be emptied and returned to the post office at the earliest practicable date.—*Bureau of Transportation, 11-15-62.*

POST OFFICE CHANGES NO. 20

(Ind=Independent for receipt and dispatch of registered and other mail. R=Rural. cl=Class. clfd=Classified. ct=Contract)

CALIFORNIA

Brea: No. 3 (ct. Sta.), Orange County, *estab. 12-1-62.*

Ontario: No. 1 (ct. Sta.), San Bernardino County, *re-estab. 11-18-62.*

IOWA

Cedar Falls: "B" (ct. Sta.), Black Hawk County, *re-estab. 12-1-62.*

KANSAS

Topeka: No. 2 (ct. Sta.), Shawnee County, *re-estab. 11-8-62.*

NEBRASKA

Omaha: No. 10 (ct. Sta.), Douglas County, *re-estab. 11-16-62.*

NORTH CAROLINA

Shallotte: Sunset Beach (summer R. Sta.), Brunswick County, *estab. 6-1-63.*

OHIO

Hamilton: Fairfield (IND. Clfd. Br.), Butler County, *estab. 11-24-62.*

PUERTO RICO

Mayaguez: Carcel (ct. Sta.), Mayaguez District, *disc. 8-4-62.*

SOUTH DAKOTA

Rapid City: Jolly Acres (R. Sta.), Pennington County, *disc. 11-30-62.*

TEXAS

48-57400 Maverick, Runnels County (4th cl), *disc. 11-23-62.* Mail to Maverick, Ind. Sta. Ballinger (1st cl).

Ballinger: Maverick (Ind. R. Sta.), Runnels County, *estab. 11-24-62.*

UTAH

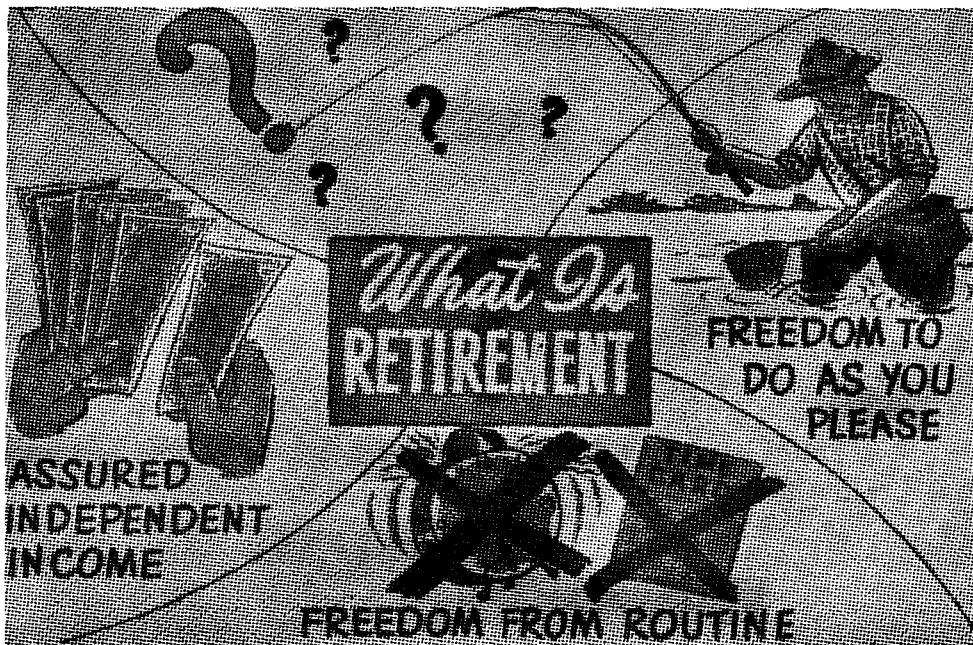
Dutch John: Linwood (R. Sta.), Daggett County, *disc. 11-16-62.*

VIRGINIA

Richmond: The Mall (ct. Br.), Henrico County, *estab. 11-14-62.*

WASHINGTON

Seattle: Space Needle (clfd. Sta.), King County, *disc. 10-21-62.*



Post Offices Having Second-Class Publications

Second-Class Publications for Canada

On January 7, 1963, concurrently with changes in rates for mailings in the domestic service of second-class matter, rates on mailings to Canada will be revised as follows: The minimum postage rate of a half cent per copy presently applied to bundled copies of second-class publications which are mailed by publishers or registered news agents to the Canadian postmaster at the post office of destination, as provided in

222.454c Postal Manual, and which are reported on the special form mentioned in 222.453b, will be increased to six-tenths of a cent per copy. Other rates on second-class matter to Canada remain unchanged. The Postal Manual will be amended accordingly.—*Bureau of Transportation, 11-15-62.*

All Post Offices

Foreign Mail Sacks

Reports received from postal administrations of other countries indicate that addressees of direct sack shipments of printed matter in this

BE SURE THAT ALL COLLECTION BOXES ARE ENDORSED WITH LEGIBLE SCHEDULES

All Post Offices

Warning Notice—Unrecovered Stolen Money Order Forms

This current list is to be posted and used by window clerks. Destroy all previous notices.

- 1- 1,339,087 to 1- 1,339,500
- 1- 3,676,478 to 1- 3,676,500
- 1- 7,015,537 to 1- 7,015,549
- 1- 9,228,198 to 1- 9,228,299
- 1-10,686,363 to 1-10,686,400
- 1-12,577,548 to 1-12,577,600
- 2-15,017,802 to 2-15,018,000
- 2-19,818,191 to 2-19,819,000
- 2-21,243,904 to 2-21,243,915
- 2-21,452,188 to 2-21,454,000
- 2-23,547,168 to 2-23,547,200
- 2-24,105,566 to 2-24,105,650
- 2-33,070,001 to 2-33,070,200
- 2-44,976,541 to 2-44,976,579
- 2-97,060,476 to 2-97,060,500
- 3-52,499,381 to 3-52,499,500
- 3-58,403,082 to 3-58,404,000
- 3-70,961,554 to 3-70,961,638
- 3-95,988,671 to 3-95,988,700
- 3-95,989,001 to 3-95,990,000
- 4- 2,850,218 to 4- 2,850,500
- 4- 7,426,846 to 4- 7,427,000
- 4-10,824,622 to 4-10,824,787
- 4-11,339,025 to 4-11,339,500
- 4-11,955,971 to 4-11,956,000
- 4-16,663,058 to 4-16,663,100
- 4-19,260,180 to 4-19,262,000
- 4-22,065,690 to 4-22,066,000
- 4-26,729,964 to 4-26,730,000
- 4-32,071,001 to 4-32,071,500
- 4-34,775,336 to 4-34,775,352
- 4-81,301,028 to 4-81,301,300
- 4-94,068,677 to 4-94,068,700
- 4-95,209,516 to 4-95,209,550
- 4-95,255,051 to 4-95,255,300
- 4-95,256,024 to 4-95,256,044
- 4-96,138,756 to 4-96,138,800
- 4-96,459,636 to 4-96,460,000
- 4-96,598,448 to 4-96,598,457
- 4-97,067,867 to 4-97,068,000
- 4-97,262,701 to 4-97,263,000
- 4-97,333,906 to 4-97,334,000
- 4-97,897,117 to 4-97,897,400
- 4-98,941,384 to 4-98,941,400
- 5- 6,296,677 to 5- 6,296,688
- 5-12,113,944 to 5-12,114,000
- 5-12,588,383 to 5-12,588,500
- 5-13,167,401 to 5-13,167,500
- 5-13,167,801 to 5-13,167,900
- 5-14,902,962 to 5-14,903,000
- 5-17,585,750 to 5-17,585,800
- 5-18,031,887 to 5-18,031,999
- 5-19,109,309 to 5-19,109,600
- 5-19,282,001 to 5-19,282,500
- 5-85,764,036 to 5-85,764,500
- 5-85,867,401 to 5-85,867,568
- 5-92,225,001 to 5-92,225,200
- 6-19,805,626 to 6-19,806,000
- 6-33,721,823 to 6-33,722,000
- 6-40,668,197 to 6-40,668,500
- 6-42,266,608 to 6-42,266,941

- { 6-44,773,001 to 6-44,774,000 }
- { Yellow Test Forms }
- 6-45,965,110 to 6-45,965,998
- 6-45,969,320 to 6-45,970,000
- 6-53,964,669 to 6-53,964,800
- 6-60,990,867 to 6-60,990,950
- 6-82,660,001 to 6-82,662,000
- 6-97,236,030 to 6-97,236,131
- 6-97,607,545 to 6-97,607,700
- *6,382,171,325 to 6,382,171,384
- *6,388,284,380 to 6,388,284,499
- *6,388,474,274 to 6,388,474,497
- *6,390,640,951 to 6,390,640,999
- 7- 601,912 to 7- 602,000
- 7- 2,691,244 to 7- 2,691,286
- 7- 2,691,307 to 7- 2,691,394
- 7- 7,364,680 to 7- 7,366,000
- 7-74,312,501 to 7-74,313,000
- 7-75,211,904 to 7-75,212,500
- 7-75,652,496 to 7-75,652,500
- 7-75,806,901 to 7-75,807,100
- 7-80,650,241 to 7-80,650,265
- 7-96,451,156 to 7-96,451,199
- *7,381,334,657 to 7,381,334,999
- *7,381,934,101 to 7,381,934,199
- *7,383,457,678 to 7,383,457,999
- *7,383,463,855 to 7,383,463,999
- 8- 3,851,194 to 8- 3,851,300
- 8- 6,993,758 to 8- 6,993,800
- 8-11,324,676 to 8-11,325,000
- 8-38,107,801 to 8-38,107,904
- 8-38,378,603 to 8-38,379,500
- 8-45,910,385 to 8-45,910,800
- 8-46,962,620 to 8-46,962,700
- 8-47,069,301 to 8-47,069,334
- 8-47,537,649 to 8-47,537,700
- 8-47,846,301 to 8-47,846,400
- 8-48,661,330 to 8-48,661,600
- 8-48,698,820 to 8-48,699,000
- 8-49,137,788 to 8-49,137,800
- 8-69,692,032 to 8-69,692,050
- 8-74,223,441 to 8-74,223,500
- 8-75,721,464 to 8-75,721,500
- 8-75,724,101 to 8-75,724,500
- 8-94,393,242 to 8-94,393,275
- 8-94,554,351 to 8-94,554,500
- 8-95,395,657 to 8-95,395,680
- 8-95,893,467 to 8-95,893,500
- 8-96,238,039 to 8-96,240,000
- 9- 6,763,761 to 9- 6,763,835
- 9- 8,446,651 to 9- 8,446,700
- 9- 8,865,996 to 9- 8,866,000
- 9- 8,888,001 to 9- 8,888,500
- 9-11,465,451 to 9-11,466,000
- 9-15,128,114 to 9-15,129,000
- 9-15,330,182 to 9-15,330,300
- 9-16,615,003 to 9-16,615,024
- 9-46,461,406 to 9-46,462,000
- 9-48,488,126 to 9-48,488,500
- 9-48,573,017 to 9-48,573,300
- 9-69,671,698 to 9-69,672,000

- 9-79,580,581 to 9-79,580,596
- 9-80,092,379 to 9-80,092,500
- 10- 2,031,475 to 10- 2,031,500
- 10- 3,474,116 to 10- 3,474,250
- 10- 3,890,001 to 10- 3,890,100
- 10-40,969,248 to 10-40,969,485
- 10-40,994,010 to 10-40,994,086
- 10-44,866,680 to 10-44,866,900
- 10-45,255,318 to 10-45,255,500
- 10-45,302,578 to 10-45,302,900
- 10-45,953,354 to 10-45,953,650
- 10-47,065,603 to 10-47,065,614
- 10-51,518,200 to 10-51,520,000
- 10-52,168,353 to 10-52,169,000
- 10-58,976,662 to 10-58,978,000
- 10-59,419,194 to 10-59,419,300
- 10-63,946,803 to 10-63,946,839
- 10-86,365,606 to 10-86,366,000
- 10-86,493,087 to 10-86,493,400
- 10-86,900,030 to 10-86,900,500
- 10-87,307,030 to 10-87,307,047
- 10-87,488,880 to 10-87,489,000
- 10-88,571,355 to 10-88,571,400
- 10-88,684,658 to 10-88,684,699
- 10-88,879,052 to 10-88,880,000
- 10-96,698,674 to 10-96,698,800
- 10-96,978,858 to 10-96,979,000
- 10-97,330,055 to 10-97,330,200
- 10-97,337,167 to 10-97,338,000
- 10-97,508,817 to 10-97,509,000
- 10-97,923,384 to 10-97,923,400
- 10-98,063,400 to 10-98,063,500
- 10-98,615,708 to 10-98,615,900
- 10-98,858,701 to 10-98,859,000
- 11-36,283,595 to 11-36,284,000
- 11-39,223,048 to 11-39,223,068
- 11-52,080,891 to 11-52,080,917
- 11-54,752,451 to 11-54,754,000
- 11-60,036,090 to 11-60,036,200
- 11-60,108,334 to 11-60,108,588
- 11-60,108,668 to 11-60,109,000
- 11-91,552,474 to 11-91,552,700
- 11-92,587,888 to 11-92,588,000
- 11-92,800,526 to 11-92,801,500
- 11-93,405,254 to 11-93,406,000
- 11-94,314,477 to 11-94,314,500
- 11-95,120,001 to 11-95,120,500
- 11-95,908,163 to 11-95,908,250
- 12-44,688,187 to 12-44,688,200
- 12-46,918,551 to 12-46,919,000
- 12-47,632,001 to 12-47,636,000
- 12-54,009,908 to 12-54,010,000
- 12-57,979,257 to 12-57,979,800
- 12-60,305,046 to 12-60,305,500
- 12-71,099,032 to 12-71,100,000
- 12-72,160,434 to 12-72,160,500
- 12-75,275,539 to 12-75,276,000
- 12-76,735,627 to 12-76,736,000
- 12-77,524,484 to 12-77,524,700
- 12-84,943,051 to 12-84,943,100
- 12-85,064,656 to 12-85,064,750

*New yellow print-punch money order forms.